

Doctor and Surgeon, PAs, NPs review sheet

1. Review the list of specialties. Be sure you recognize the basics of each specialty listed on the slide show and on the worksheet including:
 - a. cardiology
 - b. dermatology
 - c. gerontology (geriatrics)
 - d. gynecology
 - e. neurology
 - f. oncology
 - d. otolaryngology
 - e. radiology
 - f. toxicology
 - h. pharmacology
 - i. phlebotomy
2. Know the difference between a PhD and an MD.
3. Know the one main difference between an MD and DO.
4. Know the difference between a doctor and a surgeon.
5. Know how much education it takes to become a medical doctor. Explain and describe using these terms: undergraduate degree, postgraduate degree, and clinical rotations.
6. Before practicing medicine what else must a doctor do?
7. What is a residency and how long does it usually take? Is a resident a doctor?
8. What is a PA? Compare and contrast a PA to be an MD:
 - a. education and training
 - b. job responsibilities
 - c. what can doctors do that PAs can't do? (address things like diagnosing illness, performing physicals, delivering babies, operating, and prescribing medication)

9. What is a NP? Compare and contrast a NP to a PA.

10. How many spinal nerves do we have?

11. What is the difference between a reflex and a reaction? What is the medical purpose of checking reflexes?

12. Be able to describe the patellar reflex, Achilles reflex, and Babinski reflex.